

# SKL-WP2



## Water-Washable Visible Penetrant

SPOTCHECK® SKL-WP2 is a water-washable visible penetrant designed for large surface areas and rough surfaces where excess penetrant would be difficult to remove with a solvent cleaner or emulsifier. It can be removed with a water spray, either manually or with an automated process.



SKL-WP2 produces a visible red color contrast for discontinuity identification, and it has outstanding penetrating characteristics.

#### **BENEFITS**

#### Dependable and convenient to use

- Easy to carry and use in the field with the convenient aerosol cans which are carefully designed for consistent, even coverage and maximum test area coverage
- Use in all conditions without the need for darkness or UV lights
- Quickly and completely covers the entire test surface due to high surface wetting

#### Maximum indication detection

- Produces strong, vibrant indications thanks to the bright, vibrant red color, especially when used with SKD-S2 solvent-based developer
- Wide application versatility
- Inspect a wide range of components without fear of corrosion or specification non-conformance
- Meets AMS 2644 and is NDT-approved for professional industrial applications
- Reduced processing cost per part due to excellent washability, which is especially useful for large parts and cast components

#### **FEATURES**

- Outstanding penetrating characteristics
- Easy water-wash removal
- Vivid high-contrast color
- Superior flaw resolution
- Excellent reliability
- · Wide range of applications
- Excellent controlled washability over a wide temperature range and variable dwell times.

#### **SPECIFICATION COMPLIANCE**

- AMS2644
- ASME BPVC-V
- ASTM D129
- ASTM E165/E165M
- ASTM E1417/E1417M
- EN ISO 3452-1
- EN ISO 3452-2 (Sensitivity Level 2)
- MIL-STD-2132D



# SKL-WP2

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Defect location: open to surface

#### Ideal for:

- A production environment where many parts are inspected daily.
- Castings
- Forgings
- Welds
- Pressure vessels
- Tubular goods
- · General metal work

#### Ideal for:

- Cracks
- Leaks

**NOTE:** we do not recommend SKL-WP2 for inspecting plastic materials, as it may stain, soften or even dissolve the base material under test.

#### **COMPOSITION**

A blend of petroleum distillates, non-ionic surfactants and an oil-soluble organic red dye.

#### **PRODUCT PROPERTIES**

Form and colour	Red liquid
AMS 2644 class	Type 2, Method A/C
Flash point	> 93°C (bulk product)
Density	0.88 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Viscosity	8.0 mm <sup>2</sup> /s
Sulphur content	< 300 ppm
Chloride content	< 300 ppm
Corrosion	Meets AMS 2644

Like all Magnaflux materials, our visible penetrants are closely controlled to ensure batch-to-batch consistency, optimum process control and inspection reliability.

#### **USER RECOMMENDATIONS**

NDT Method	Penetrant Testing, Visible		
Storage temperature	10°C to 30°C		
Usage temperature	5°C to 55°C (bulk) -5°C to 50°C (aerosol)		
Coverage	20 - 30m² per litre 10 - 15m² per aerosol		
Cleaner/remover	SKC-S		
Solvent-based developer	SKD-S2		
Water-based developer	ZP-5B		
Accessories	Reference test block (part no. 070C001)		



# SKL-WP2

### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE**

Ensure test part is clean and dry, and free from oil, grease and other contaminants.

Apply penetrant by immersion dip, brush, flow on, conventional or electrostatic spray. Cover the test area completely.

Allow penetration time. Minimum penetration time is 2 to 5 minutes, with 10 minutes being adequate for most situations. Lower temperatures thicken the penetrant and require longer penetration times.

Spray the component with clean water at 10°C to 40°C, or wipe with a lint-free cloth dampened with our SKC-S cleaner. Once clean, the component should be dried before a developer is applied.

Apply a thin layer of developer\* to the surface and allow a minimum of 10 minutes development time before inspecting the component under white light. Indications will appear dark red against the white developer background.

\* A developer is used to maximise sensitivity and provide a white contrasting background. Two types of developer can be used:

**Solvent-based:** quick-drying materials which are applied by spraying. The component under test must be dry before developer is applied.

**Water-based (aqueous):** can be applied by dipping or spraying. To maximise penetrant sensitivity, parts should only be exposed to aqueous developers for short periods of time. The component must be dried before inspection.

Developer residue can be removed either by wiping with a cloth or by a water and detergent wash. Penetrant residues can be removed by vapour degreasing or solvent soak.

Pre-clean component with cleaner SKC-S.



Apply penetrant SKL-WP2 to the clean component and allow contact time.



Use SKC-S or spray the component with water to remove excess penetrant.



Dry component, apply developer (SKD-S2 or ZP-5B) and inspect.

### **PACKAGING AND PART NUMBERS**





### **HEALTH AND SAFETY**

Review all relevant health and safety information before using this product. For complete health and safety information, refer to the Safety Data Sheets, which are available at www.magnaflux.eu.

Revised: August 2019 www.magnaflux.eu



Version 17.3 replaces Version 17.2 Revision date: 22.08.2018 According to (EU) No. 2015/830

1.1 Product identifier: SPOTCHECK® SKL-WP2 - aerosol

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the mixture and uses advised against:

Relevant identified uses: Red penetrant used in Non Destructive

Testing (NDT) inspection.

**Uses advised against:** This product is not recommended for any

use other than the identified uses above.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer: Magnaflux® (A Division of ITW Ltd)

Address: Faraday Road, South Dorcan Industrial

Estate, Swindon, UK

Postcode: SN3 5HE

**Telephone/fax number:** Telephone: +44 (0)1793 524566

Fax: +44 (0)1793 490459 Web: <u>www.eu.magnaflux.com</u>

Email address of competent person support.eu@magnaflux.com

responsible for SDS:

**Opening hours:** 

National contact: None appointed.

1.4 Emergency telephone number: DURING OFFICE HOURS, CALL

T: +44 (0)1793 524566 (English only)
Office hours (GMT) Monday - Thursday

8am - 5pm, Friday 8am - 4pm OUT OF OFFICE HOURS, CALL

T: +44(0)203 394 9866

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

Classification according to Physical and Chemical Hazard:

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP): Aerosol 1 H222, H229 Health Hazard:

Health Hazard: Eye Dam. 1 H318 Environmental Hazard:

Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

Additional information EUH066

For full text of hazard statements and EU hazard statements see SECTION 16.

2.2 Label Elements:

Labelling according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

**Hazard Pictograms:** 

工品

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statement(s): H222: Extremely flammable aerosol

H229: Pressurised container. May burst if

heated.

H318: Causes serious eye damage. H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long

lasting effects

Precautionary Statement(s):

P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P211: Do not spray on an open flame or

other ignition source.

P251: Do not pierce or burn, even after

use.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy

to do - continue rinsing.

P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P410+P412: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. P501: Dispose of contents/container to hazardous waste or special collection

point.

**Supplementary Precautionary** 

Statement(s):

P243: Take precautionary measures

against static discharge.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-

ventilated area.

P273: Avoid release to the environment. P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap

and water.

**Supplementary Hazard Information** 

(EU)

**Hazard Determining Component(s)** 

EUH066: Repeated exposure may cause

skin dryness or cracking.

Alcohols, C12-C15, branched and linear,

ethoxylated, propoxylated

ALCOHOLS, C11 - C15 SECONDARY

**ETHOXYLATED** 

Oleic acid monoisopropanolamide

#### 2.3 Other hazards:

Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

Vapours can form explosive mixtures in air.

Product may stain skin.

**SECTION 3** 

#### **COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS Number	EC number	REACH registration number	% Weight	Classification according to Regulation (EC) number 1272/2008 [CLP]	Additional Information
Hydrocarbons C12- C15 n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	-	920- 107-4	01- 2119453414- 43	50 - 65	Asp Tox 1 H304 <sup>1</sup>	EUH066 Has WEL
Hydrocarbons, C3-4-rich petroleum distillate petroleum gas (1,3 butadiene < 0.1%)	68512- 91-4	270- 990-9	2	≤ 40	Press. Gas H280 Flam. Gas 1 H220	3
alcohols C12-C15, branched and linear, ethoxylated, propoxylated.	120313- 48-6	-	-	< 20	Eye Dam 1 H318 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411	-
Alcohols C11-C15 Secondary Ethoxylated	68131- 40-8	-	-	< 15	Eye Dam 1 H318 Skin Irrit. 2 H315	-
2-Naphthalenamine, N-(2- ethylhexyl)-1-[[4- (phenylazo)phenyl]azo]-ar' and ar""-Me derivs	92257- 28-8	296- 117-1	-	< 4	Not classified	See Section 11 for information on azo dyes
Oleic acid monoisopropanolamide	111-05- 7	-	-	< 3	Eye Dam 1 H318 Skin Irrit. 2 H315	-
Solvent Naphtha	64742- 94-5	265- 198-5	-	< 2	Asp Tox 1 H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411	-
Terpineol	8000- 41-7	232- 268-1	01- 2119553062- 49	< 2	Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Skin Irrit. 2 H315	DNEL

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Mixtures classified as Asp. Tox. 1 H304 need not be labelled when placed on the market in aerosol containers or in containers fitted with a sealed spray attachment.

Note: Hazard statement(s) in this section apply only to raw materials, not necessarily to finished products.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Exempted from the obligation to register in accordance with art.2(7)(a) of REACH Regulation No 1907/2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Not classified as carcinogen, less than 0.1% w/w 1,3 butadiene (EINECS no 203-450-8)

<sup>\*</sup>See Section 16 for hazard statement(s) text in full.

#### SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures:

**General notes:** If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance.

Following inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Keep at rest. If not

breathing give artificial respiration. Seek medical attention if symptoms occur. Flush with water, use soap if available.

**Following skin contact:** Flush with water, use soap if available. Contaminated clothing should be washed

before re-use. Seek medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Following eye contact: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for at

least 15 minutes. Check for and remove any contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Seek medical attention immediately.

Following ingestion: Unlikely route of exposure. Rinse mouth with

water. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach contents don't enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek medical

attention immediately.

**Self-protection of the first aider:** No action shall be taken involving any personal

risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that the mixture is still present, wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

4.2 Most important symptoms, both acute and delayed:

Risk of serious damage to eyes, may cause lung damage if swallowed, no delayed

effects known.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Eye wash bottle must be readily available when product is in use.

### SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media:

substance or mixture:

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical, water

fog or spray.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** Do not use water jet.

**5.2** Special hazards arising from the Evacuate immediate area. Shut off 'fuel' to

fire. If possible keep unaffected containers

cool with water spray.

Aerosols may explode in a fire.

Aerosol contents are extremely flammable.

**Hazardous combustion products:** Smoke, soot and oxides of carbon.

Burning vapour may give off toxic fumes.

5.3 Advice for fire-fighter:

Warn firefighters that aerosols are involved.

Self contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn.

Water spray should be used to cool containers.

#### SECTION 6

#### ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Suitable protective equipment (see Section 8) should be worn to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing.

contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing

For non-emergency personnel: Remove ignition sources. Avoid breathing

vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate

ventilation. Vapours are likely to accumulate in low areas.

For emergency responders: Remove ignition sources. Avoid breathing

vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Vapours are likely to accumulate in low areas. Keep

unnecessary people at a safe distance.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Prevent liquid from entering drains, sewers and watercourses. Notify the Environment Agency or water authorities if a major spillage occurs. Prevent product contaminating soil.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Eliminate sources of ignition. Take measures to prevent the build-up of electrostatic charge. Ventilate surrounding area.

For containment: Contain spillage, and then collect with non-

combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite). Place in a UN approved container for

disposal.

Large spills should be pumped (using an earthed explosion proof pump) into UN approved containers pending disposal.

Dispose of waste according to local/national regulations.

For cleaning up: Do not flush away residues with water.

**Other information:** No other information.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections:

For Personal Protective Equipment see Section 8. For disposal information see Section 13.

#### **SECTION 7**

#### **HANDLING & STORAGE**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safer handling:

**Protective Measures:** Wear suitable protective clothing such as

chemical resistant gloves, apron and goggles/face mask to protect from splashes. Ensure adequate exhaust

ventilation when in use.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Do not breathe product spray or mist.

Measures to prevent fire: Aerosol contents are highly flammable and

volatile. Keep away from sources of

ignition - no smoking.

Take measures to prevent the build-up of

electrostatic charge.

Equipment should be earthed. Use

explosion proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

Advice on general occupational

hygiene:

Wash thoroughly after handling.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

**Technical measures and storage**Store in a cool dry area away from heat

**conditions:** and sources of ignition.

Packaging materials: Store in original container. Keep

containers tightly closed when not in use.

Requirements for storage rooms and Pressurised container: protect from

vessels:

sunlight and do not expose to temperatures

exceeding 50 °C.

Recommended storage temperature 10 °C

to 30 °C.

Further information on storage Rotate stock and check regularly for

conditions:

damaged items.

7.3 Specific end use(s):

**Recommendations:** Use only for Non Destructive Testing (NDT)

applications.

**Industrial sector specific solutions:** See product data sheet for further

information.

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters:

#### Occupational exposure limit values:

Occupational exposure figures have been set for some of the components of this preparation based on GESTIS International Limit Values or manufacturers' recommendation.

Hydrocarbons C12- C15 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics				EC No. 9	20-107-4
Country	Limit value - 8 hours		Limit valu	NOTES	
Country	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³	NOTES
Supplier's Recommendation	150	1200	-	-	-

**Note**: Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.

Data obtained from GESTIS International Limit Values, EH40, supplier's SDS, Norwegian Labour Inspection Authority Order No. 704-ENG.

#### Derived No Effect Level

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Chemical Name	End User	Exposure Route	Exposure Time	Effects	DNEL
Hydrocarbons C12- C15 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	Worker	Inhalation	Long term	Systemic	No threshold effect and/or no dose response information available
Hydrocarbons C12- C15 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	Worker	Dermal	Long term	Systemic	No threshold effect and/or no dose response information available
Hydrocarbons C12- C15 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	Worker	Inhalation	Short term	Systemic	No threshold effect and/or no dose response information available
Terpineol	Worker	Dermal	Long term	Systemic	1.17 mg/kg bw/day
Terpineol	Worker	Inhalation	Long term	Systemic	5.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**Note:** The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived from toxicity data in accordance with specific guidance within the European REACH regulation. The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be

recommended by an individual company, a government regulatory body or an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygenists (ACGIH). OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational setting for an 8-hour work shift, 40 hour work week, as a time weighted average (TWA) or a 15 minute short-term exposure limit (STEL). While also considered to be protective of health, OELs are derived by a process different from that of REACH.

#### **Predicted No Effect Concentration**

PNEC	Hydrocarbons C12- C15 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	Terpineol				
Water - Fresh Water	No data available, testing technically not feasible.	0.062 g/l				
Water - Marine Water	No data available, testing technically not feasible.	0.0062 g/l				
Water - Intermittent release	No data available, testing technically not feasible.	No data available				
Sediment Fresh Water	No data available, testing technically not feasible.	0.442 mg/kg d.w.				
Sediment Marine Water	No data available, testing technically not feasible.	0.044 mg/kg d.w.				
Soil	No data available, testing technically not feasible.	0.052 mg/kg d.w.				
Sewage Treatment Plant	No data available, testing technically not feasible.	2.57 mg/l				

#### 8.2 Exposure controls:

Concentrations of product vapours and mists in the working atmosphere must be kept as low as is reasonably practicable. Exposure should be minimised by the use of appropriate containment, engineering control and ventilation measures. Where this is not possible, personal protective equipment should be worn as indicated below where appropriate.

Appropriate engineering controls:	Provide adequate ventilation, including
	appropriate local extraction, to ensure that
	the defined occupational exposure limits are

not exceeded.

Provide eye wash station.

Personal protection equipment: Eye and face protection:

Respiratory protection:

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166.

Skin protection - hand: Prote

Protective gloves conforming to EN374-3. Use chemical resistant gloves recommended by glove manufacturer as being suitable for **kerosenes** if hand exposure is unavoidable. Protective gloves made of nitrile, neoprene or PVC are suitable, although other types may be more suitable in other circumstances. For prolonged exposure, recommended gloves with protective index 6, > 480 minutes permeation time according to EN374. As the product is a preparation, consult the glove manufacturer for exact breakthrough time. Glove manufacturer's directions for use

should be observed.

Skin protection – other: Wear impervious, flame retardant antistatic

protective clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of dangerous substance at the specific workplace. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear

suitable respiratory equipment. Filter type

A2. (EN 136, 140, 405, 149, 143)

For higher level protection use type ABEK-P3 (EU EN 143) respirator cartridges. Use respirators and components tested and approved under CEN standards.

Thermal hazards: Not applicable.

**Environmental exposure controls:** Avoid any release to the environment.

#### **SECTION 9 PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

> Aerosol containing dark red liquid. Appearance:

Odour: Mild pine.

Odour threshold: No data available.

pH: Neutral

Melting point/freezing point: No data available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range: 230 °C.

Flash point (PMCC): -40 °C (aerosol propellant)

**Evaporation rate (BuAC = 100):** < 0.1.

Flammability (solid, gas) (Limits in No data available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive 1 - 6% (Vol%).

limits:

Vapour pressure: < 0.5 mm Hg @ 38 °C.

Vapour density (Air = 1): > 1

Relative density: 0.88 g/cm3 Emulsifies. Solubility: Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: No data available.

**Auto-ignition temperature:** > 200 °C.

**Decomposition temperature:** No data available. Viscosity (ASTM D445): 8.0 mm<sup>2</sup>/s @ 38 °C. **Explosive properties:** No data available. Oxidising properties: No data available.

Note: properties relate to the bulk product only unless otherwise stated.

#### Other information: 9.2

No other information.

SECTION 10	STABILITY & REACTIVITY	
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10.1 Reactivity: No data available.

10.2 Stable under normal conditions of use and Chemical stability

applications.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: No data available.

10.4 Conditions to avoid: Keep away from sources of ignition, hot

surfaces, direct sunlight and static

discharge.

10.5 Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents. Acids and alkalis.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition materials: None under normal conditions of storage

> and use. Smoke, soot and oxides of carbon and nitrogen on combustion.

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects: based on data for component materials.

Acute toxicity - oral: Based on the available data the classification

criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity – dermal: Based on the available data the classification

criteria are not met.

**Acute toxicity – inhalation:**Based on the available data the classification

criteria are not met.

**Skin corrosion/irritation:** EUH066: Repeated exposure may cause

skin cracking or dryness.

**Serious eye damage/irritation:** Eye Dam. 1, H318: Causes serious eye

damage.

**Respiratory sensitisation:** Based on tests of individual components,

this preparation is not sensitising.

**Skin sensitisation:** Based on tests of individual components,

this preparation is not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity: Based on individual components, this

preparation is not expected to show

mutagenic effects.

Carcinogencity: Based on individual components, this

preparation is not expected to show

carcinogenic effects.

**Reproductive toxicity:**Based on individual components, this

preparation is not expected to show

repoductive toxicity.

STOT single exposure: Data lacking. STOT repeated exposure: Data lacking.

Aspiration hazard: Mixtures from Aerosol Dispensors - need not

be classified as Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 as the aerosol spray is fine and a pool of product

may not be formed in the mouth.

Information on likely Routes of Exposure and Potential Health Effects:

**Inhalation:** May be harmful if inhaled. Causes

respiratory tract irritation.

**Ingestion:** Not a likely route of entry. However, may be

harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause irritation of the mouth, throat and digestive tract. Small amounts of product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion

or from vomiting may cause

bronchopneumonia or pulmonary edema.

**Eye contact:** Risk of serious damage to eyes.

**Skin contact:** May be harmful if absorbed through skin.

Causes skin irritation. Repeated exposure

may cause skin cracking or dryness.

**Toxicity Test Results:** based on data for component materials, where available.

CHEMICAL NAME	ACUTE TOXICITY	TEST	RESULT
Hydrocarbons C12- C15 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	Acute Toxicity - oral	LD50 (rat)	> 5000 mg/kg - OECD 401
Hydrocarbons C12- C15 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	Acute Toxicity - dermal	LD50 (rabbit)	> 5000 mg/kg - OECD 402
Hydrocarbons C12- C15 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	Acute Toxicity - inhalation	LC50 (rat)	> 4951 mg/l (vapours, 4h) - OECD 403
alcohols C12-C15, branched and linear, ethoxylated, propoxylated.	Acute Toxicity - oral	LD50 (rat)	2000 - 5000 mg/kg
alcohols C12-C15, branched and linear, ethoxylated, propoxylated.	Acute Toxicity - dermal	_	Not determined
alcohols C12-C15, branched and linear, ethoxylated, propoxylated.	Acute Toxicity - inhalation	_	Not determined
Alcohols C11-C15 Secondary Ethoxylated	Acute Toxicity - oral	LD50 (rat)	3000 mg/kg
Alcohols C11-C15 Secondary Ethoxylated	Acute Toxicity - dermal	LD50 (rabbit)	2000 mg/kg
Alcohols C11-C15 Secondary Ethoxylated	Acute Toxicity - inhalation	_	-
Terpineol	Acute Toxicity - oral	LD50 (rat)	> 2000 mg/kg - OECD 401
Terpineol	Acute Toxicity - dermal	LD50 (rabbit)	> 2000 mg/kg - OECD 402
Terpineol	Acute Toxicity - inhalation	Rat, 4h	No mortality observed - OECD 403
Solvent Naphtha	Acute Toxicity - oral	LD50 (rat)	5ml/kg
Solvent Naphtha	Acute Toxicity - dermal	LD50 (rabbit)	> 2 ml/kg
Solvent Naphtha	Acute Toxicity - inhalation	LC50 (rat)	> 590 mg/m³ (4h)

### Other Information:

Metabolic studies on some Azo-dyes, following prolonged skin or oral cavity contact, have detected reduction of azo bonds to aromatic amines. This product, therefore, could potentially metabolize to otoluidine and o-aminoazotoluene, which have been identified as animal carcinogens, upon prolonged skin or oral cavity contact.

**SECTION 12** 

#### **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# Based on data for component materials 12.1 Toxicity:

Chemical Name	Ecotoxicity	Species	Test	Time	Result
Hydrocarbons C12- C15 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	Fish	Onchorhynchus mykiss	LC0	96h	1000 mg/l
alcohols C12-C15, branched and linear, ethoxylated, propoxylated.	Fish	Leuciscus idus	LC50	96h	1 - 10 mg/l
alcohols C12-C15, branched and linear, ethoxylated, propoxylated.	Microorganisms	Activated Sludge	EC10	-	> 1000 mg/l (DEV-L2)
Alcohols C11-C15 Secondary Ethoxylated	Fish	Pimephales promelas	LC50	96h	3.5 - 4.9 mg/l
Alcohols C11-C15 Secondary Ethoxylated	Aquatic Invertebrates	Daphnia magna	EC50	48h	3.1 mg/l
Terpineol	Fish	Danio rerio	LC50	96h	62 - 80 mg/l - OECD 203
Terpineol	Fish	Danio rerio	NOEC	96h	62 mg/l - OECD 203
Terpineol	Aquatic Invertebrates	Daphnia magna	NOEC	48h	40 mg/l - OECD 202
Terpineol	Aquatic Invertebrates	Daphnia magna	EC50	48h	73 mg/l - OECD 202
Terpineol	Aquatic Invertebrates	Daphnia magna	LC50	48h	73 mg/l - OECD 202
Terpineol	Aquatic Plants	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	EC50	72h	17 mg/l - OECD 201
Terpineol	Aquatic Plants	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	NOEC	72h	3.9 mg/l - OECD 201
Solvent Naphtha	Fish	Onchorhynchus mykiss	LL50	96h	2 - 5 mg/l
Solvent Naphtha	Aquatic Invertebrates	Daphnia Magna	EL50	48h	3 - 10 mg/l
Solvent Naphtha	Aquatic Plants	Raphidocelis subcapitata	EL50	72h	1 - 3 mg/l
Solvent Naphtha	Microorganisms	Tetrahymena pyiformis	LL50	72h	677.9 mg/l

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Alcohols C12- C15, branched & linear, ethoxylated, propoxylated: partially biodegradable.

The remaining substances in this mixture are readily biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential: Hydrocarbons C12 - C15 n-alkanes,

isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics: no data

available.

The remaining substances in this mixture are not expected to be bioaccumulative.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

(log Kow):

Alcohols C11 - C15 secondary ethoxylated

log Pow = 3.3 - 4.4

Terpineol:  $log Kow = 2.78 (20^{\circ}C)$ 

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** Alcohols C11 - C15 secondary ethoxylated:

BCF = 15 - 64

Terpineol: BCF = 36.5

12.4 Mobility in soil: Adsorption to the solid phase is possible.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB This mixture does not contain any

> substances that are assessed to be a PBT assessment:

or vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects: No data available.

**SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS** 

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements. Seek the advice of an approved waste disposal contractor for disposal at a licensed facility in accordance with national legislation.

Product/packing disposal: Empty containers may contain residual

> product and flammable vapours. Do not pierce or burn container even after use. Do NOT remove labels. Keep away from

sources of ignition.

Waste codes/waste designations

according to LoW:

16 05 04\* gases in pressure containers containing dangerous substances.

NOTE: Waste codes are assigned based upon the most common uses for this material and may not reflect contaminants resulting from actual use. Waste producers need to assess the actual process used when generating the waste and its contaminants in order to assign the proper waste code(s).

> Waste treatment - relevant Dispose of waste and residues in

information: accordance with local authority

requirements. Seek the advice of an approved waste disposal contractor for

disposal at a licensed facility in accordance with national legislation

Sewage disposal - relevant Do not empty down the drain.

information:

Other disposal recommendations: Use a licensed waste contractor.

SECTIO	SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION					
14.1	UN number:		ADR/RID: IMDG: IATA:	1950 1950 1950		
14.2	UN proper shipping name:		ADR/RID: IMDG: IATA:	AEROSOLS, flammable AEROSOLS, flammable. AEROSOLS, flammable.		
14.3	Transport hazard class(es):		ADR/RID: IMDG: IATA:	2.1 2.1 2.1		
14.4	Packing group:		ADR/RID: IMDG: IATA:	N/A N/A N/A		
14.5	Environmental hazards:		ADR/RID: IMDG: IATA:	No Marine Pollutant: No No		
14.6	Special precautions for user: ADR/RID – Tunnel code: IMDG – Ems: IATA/ICAO – PAX:	(D) F-D, S-U 203				

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol 73/78 and the IBC code: Not applicable.

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SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

#### **EU Regulations:**

IATA/ICAO – CAO:

This data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures.

Safety data sheet as required by EC-Regulations 1907/2006 and REACH Annex II Amendment (EU) No. 2015/830.

Regulation (EC) No 648/2004 on detergents.

# Information according to 2013/10/EU and 2008/47/EC amendment of the aerosol directive 75/324/EEC.

This data sheet is complied according Dir 2013/10/EU, 2008/47/EEC amendment of the aerosol directive 75/324/EEC.

**Extra label elements:** Pressured container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

Mixtures classified as Asp. Tox. 1 H304 need not be labelled when placed on the market in aerosol containers or in containers fitted with a sealed spray attachment.

**National regulations (Germany):** 

Wassergefahrdungklasse (water WGK2 – Hazard to waters.

hazard class):

Technische Anleitung Luft (TA-Luft): Class 5.2.5 Organic substances, except

dusts.

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

#### (i) Indication of changes:

Version 17.3 updated in Section 1.3.

Vertical lines on the left hand side indicate an amendment from the previous version.

#### (ii) Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous

Goods by Road (Accord européen relatif au transport international des

marchandises Dangereuses par Route)

CAS No. Chemical Abstracts Service number
CEN European Committee for Standardisation

CLP Classification, Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

ECHA European Chemicals Agency

EC50 Half Maximal Effective Concentration

EC number EINECS and ELINCS number

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances

ELINCS European List of notified Chemical Substances

GHS Globally Harmonized System

IATA International Air Transport Association IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC50 Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population

LD50 Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population

MPI Magnetic Particle Inspection
NDT Non-Destructive Testing
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic Substance

PMCC Pensky-Martens closed cup method PPE Personal Protection Equipment

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation

EC (No) 1907/2006

RID Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

(Reglement International concernant le transport des marchandises

Dangereuses par chemin de fer)

SDS Safety Data Sheet

STOT RE Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeat Exposure STOT SE Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure

TA-Luft Technical Instructions on Air Quality Control (Technische Anleitung zur

Reinhaltung der Luft)

vPvB Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

WEL Workplace Exposure Limit

WGK German Water Hazard Class (Wassergefährdungsklasse)

### (iii) Key literature and sources of data:

- Supplier's safety data sheets for components listed in Section 3.
- European Chemicals Agency, <a href="http://echa.europa.eu/">http://echa.europa.eu/</a>
- GESTIS International Limit Values Database, <a href="http://limitvalue.ifa.dguv.de/Webform\_gw.aspx">http://limitvalue.ifa.dguv.de/Webform\_gw.aspx</a>
- Occupational Exposure Limits EH40/2005.
- Commission regulation (EU) 2015/830.
- Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002.
- Hazardous waste regulations 2005.
- Health & Safety at Work Act 1974.
- Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH).
- Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP).

# (iv) Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification according to Regulation (EC) number 1272/2008 [CLP]	Classification Procedure
Aerosol 1	Test Method
Aquatic Chronic 3	Calculation
Eye Dam. 1	Calculation
EUH066	Expert Judgement

#### (v) Hazard statements (number and full text):

H220: Extremely flammable gas

H222: Extremely flammable aerosol

H229: Pressurised container. May burst if heated.

H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Hazard class and categorty code (full text):

Aerosol 1: Aerosol

Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment

Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration Hazard

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Flam. Gas: Flammable Gas

Press. Gas 1: Gases under pressure Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation

#### Relevant precautionary statements (number and full text):

P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.

P211: Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P305+351+338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing.

P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P410+P412: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

P501: Dispose of contents/container to hazardous waste or special collection point.

P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water.

#### (vi) Training advice:

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene. Chemical hazard risk assessment. Provide adequate information, instruction and training to operators.

#### **DISCLAIMER**

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be up-to-date and correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, express or implied, is made with respect to the information and recommendations contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects that may be caused by (incorrect) use, handling, purchase, resale, or exposure to our product. Customers and users of our product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders. In particular, they are under an obligation to carry out a risk assessment for the particular work places and to take adequate risk management measures in accordance with the national implementation legislation of EU Directives 89/391/EEC and 98/24/EC amended by Directive 2014/27/EU.

**Revision** Revision This SDS is valid from the Revision Date. If you require a SDS for summary: Comments the product manufactured before the revision date please contact

us at support.eu@magnaflux.com.

**Revision Date** 22.08.2018

Version 17.3



Version 17.2 replaces Version 17.2 Revision date: 22.08.2018 According to (EU) No. 2015/830

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier: SPOTCHECK® SKL-WP2

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the mixture and uses advised against:

Relevant identified uses: Red penetrant used in Non Destructive

Testing (NDT) inspection.

**Uses advised against:** This product is not recommended for any

use other than the identified uses above.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer:Magnaflux® (A Division of ITW Ltd)Address:Faraday Road, South Dorcan Industrial

Estate, Swindon, UK

Postcode: SN3 5HE

**Telephone/fax number:** Telephone: +44 (0)1793 524566

Fax: +44 (0)1793 490459 Web: www.eu.magnaflux.com

Email address of competent person support.eu@magnaflux.com

responsible for SDS:

National contact: None appointed.

1.4 Emergency telephone number: DURING OFFICE HOURS, CALL

T: +44 (0)1793 524566 (English only) Office hours (GMT) Monday - Thursday

**Opening hours:**Office hours (GMT) Monday - Thurs 8am - 5pm, Friday 8am - 4pm

OUT OF OFFICE HOURS, CALL

T: +44(0)203 394 9866

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

Classification according to Physical and Chemical Hazard:

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP): None

Health Hazard: Asp. Tox. 1 H304 Eye Dam. 1 H318 Skin Irrit. 2 H315

**Environmental Hazard:** Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

Additional information EUH066

For full text of hazard statements and EU hazard statements see SECTION 16.

#### 2.2 Label Elements:

Labelling according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

**Hazard Pictograms:** 





Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statement(s): H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters

airways.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H318: Causes serious eye damage. H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long

lasting effects

**Precautionary Statement(s):** P280: Wear protective gloves/protective

clothing/eye protection/face protection P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy

to do - continue rinsing.

P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P301+P310: IF SWALLOWED:

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or

doctor/physician.

P331: Do NOT induce vomiting.

P273: Avoid release to the environment. P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap

and water.

P332+P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get

medical advice/attention.

P362+P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P405: Store locked up.

**Supplementary Hazard Information** 

**Supplementary Precautionary** 

(EU)

Statement(s):

**Hazard Determining Component(s)** 

EUH066: Repeated exposure may cause

skin dryness or cracking.

Hydrocarbons C12-C15 n-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2%

**AROMATICS** 

Alcohols, C12-C15, branched and linear,

ethoxylated, propoxylated

ALCOHOLS, C11 - C15 SECONDARY

**ETHOXYLATED** 

#### 2.3 Other hazards:

Spilled liquid could present a slip hazard. Product may stain skin.

**SECTION 3** 

#### **COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS Number	EC number	REACH registration number	% Weight	Classification according to Regulation (EC) number 1272/2008 [CLP]	Additional Information
Hydrocarbons C12- C15 n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	-	920- 107-4	01- 2119453414- 43	50 - 65	Asp Tox 1 H304	EUH066 Has WEL
alcohols C12-C15, branched and linear, ethoxylated, propoxylated.	120313- 48-6	-	-	< 20	Eye Dam 1 H318 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411	-
Alcohols C11-C15 Secondary Ethoxylated	68131- 40-8	-	-	< 15	Eye Dam 1 H318 Skin Irrit. 2 H315	-
2-Naphthalenamine, N-(2- ethylhexyl)-1-[[4- (phenylazo)phenyl]azo]-ar' and ar""-Me derivs	92257- 28-8	296- 117-1	-	< 4	Not classified	See Section 11 for information on azo dyes
Oleic acid monoisopropanolamide	111-05- 7	-	-	< 3	Eye Dam 1 H318 Skin Irrit. 2 H315	-
Solvent Naphtha	64742- 94-5	265- 198-5	-	< 2	Asp Tox 1 H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411	-
Terpineol	8000- 41-7	232- 268-1	01- 2119553062- 49	< 2	Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Skin Irrit. 2 H315	DNEL

Note: Hazard statement(s) in this section apply only to raw materials, not necessarily to finished products.

<sup>\*</sup>See Section 16 for hazard statement(s) text in full.

SECTION 4	FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures:

Following skin contact:

General notes: If symptoms persist, seek medical

attention. Show this safety data sheet to

the doctor in attendance.

Following inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Keep at rest. If not

breathing give artificial respiration. Seek medical attention if symptoms occur. Flush with water, use soap if available. Contaminated clothing should be washed

before re-use. Seek medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Following eye contact: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for

at least 15 minutes. Check for and remove any contact lenses if easy to do. Continue

rinsing. Seek medical attention

immediately.

Following ingestion: Rinse mouth with water. Do NOT induce

> vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach contents doesn't enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek medical

attention immediately.

Self-protection of the first aider: No action shall be taken involving any

> personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that the mixture is still present, wear appropriate personal

protective equipment.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms, both acute and delayed:

Risk of serious damage to eyes, may cause lung damage if swallowed, no delayed effects known.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Eve wash bottle must be readily available when product is in use.

#### **SECTION 5** FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 **Extinguishing media:** 

> Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical, water

> > fog or spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the

substance or mixture:

Evacuate immediate area. If possible keep

unaffected containers cool with water

sprav.

**Hazardous combustion products:** Smoke, soot and oxides of carbon and

nitrogen. Burning vapour may give off toxic

fumes.

#### Advice for fire-fighter: 5.3

Self contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn. Water spray should be used to cool containers.

#### **SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Suitable protective equipment (see Section 8) should be worn to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing.

For non-emergency personnel: Remove ignition sources. Avoid breathing

vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate

ventilation. Vapours are likely to

accumulate in low areas.

For emergency responders: Remove ignition sources. Avoid breathing

vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate

ventilation. Vapours are likely to accumulate in low areas. Keep

unnecessary people at a safe distance.

#### 6.2 **Environmental precautions:**

Prevent liquid from entering drains, sewers and watercourses. Notify the Environment Agency or water authorities if a major spillage occurs. Prevent product contaminating soil.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Eliminate sources of ignition. Take measures to prevent the build-up of electrostatic charge.

For containment: Contain spillage, and then collect with non-

combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite). Place in a UN approved container for

disposal.

Large spills should be pumped (using an earthed explosion proof pump) into UN approved containers pending disposal.

Dispose of waste according to local/national regulations.

**For cleaning up:** Do not flush away residues with water.

**Other information:** No other information.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections:

For Personal Protective Equipment see Section 8. For disposal information see Section 13.

#### **SECTION 7**

#### **HANDLING & STORAGE**

7.1 Precautions for safer handling:

**Protective Measures:** Wear suitable protective clothing such as

chemical resistant gloves, apron and goggles/face mask to protect from splashes. Ensure adequate exhaust

ventilation when in use.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Do not breathe product spray or mist.

Keep away from sources of ignition. Take

measures to prevent the build-up of

electrostatic charge.

Advice on general occupational

Measures to prevent fire:

hygiene:

Wash thoroughly after handling.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Technical measures and storage

conditions:

Store in a cool dry area away from heat

and sources of ignition.

Packaging materials:

Store in original container. Keep

containers tightly closed when not in use. Recommended storage temperature 10 °C

Requirements for storage rooms and

Further information on storage

vessels:

to 30 °C.

Store locked up.

Keep containers out of direct sunlight.

Rotate stock and check regularly for

**conditions:** damaged items.

7.3 Specific end use(s):

**Recommendations:** Use only for Non Destructive Testing (NDT)

applications.

Industrial sector specific solutions: See product data sheet for further

information.

#### **SECTION 8**

#### **EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1 Control parameters:

#### Occupational exposure limit values:

Occupational exposure figures have been set for some of the components of this preparation based on GESTIS International Limit Values or manufacturers' recommendation.

Hydrocarbons C12- C15 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics				EC No. 920-107-4			
Country	Limit val	ue - 8 hours	Limit valu	NOTES			
Country	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³	NOTES		
Supplier's Recommendation	150	1200	-	-	-		

**Note**: Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure limit should be used.

Data obtained from GESTIS International Limit Values, EH40, supplier's SDS, Norwegian Labour Inspection Authority Order No. 704-ENG.

#### **Derived No Effect Level**

Chemical Name	End User	Exposure Route	Exposure Time	Effects	DNEL
Hydrocarbons C12- C15 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	Worker	Inhalation	Long term	Systemic	No threshold effect and/or no dose response information available
Hydrocarbons C12- C15 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	Worker	Dermal	Long term	Systemic	No threshold effect and/or no dose response information available
Hydrocarbons C12- C15 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	Worker	Inhalation	Short term	Systemic	No threshold effect and/or no dose response information available
Terpineol	Worker	Dermal	Long term	Systemic	1.17 mg/kg bw/day
Terpineol	Worker	Inhalation	Long term	Systemic	5.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**Note:** The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived from toxicity data in accordance with specific guidance within the European REACH regulation. The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be recommended by an individual company, a government regulatory body or an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygenists (ACGIH). OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational setting for an 8-hour work shift, 40 hour work week, as a time weighted average (TWA) or a 15 minute short-term exposure limit (STEL). While also considered to be protective of health, OELs are derived by a process different from that of REACH.

#### **Predicted No Effect Concentration**

PNEC	Hydrocarbons C12- C15 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	Terpineol
Water - Fresh Water	No data available, testing technically not feasible.	0.062 g/l
Water - Marine Water	No data available, testing technically not feasible.	0.0062 g/l
Water - Intermittent release	No data available, testing technically not feasible.	No data available
Sediment Fresh Water	No data available, testing technically not feasible.	0.442 mg/kg d.w.
Sediment Marine Water	No data available, testing technically not feasible.	0.044 mg/kg d.w.
Soil	No data available, testing technically not feasible.	0.052 mg/kg d.w.
Sewage Treatment Plant	No data available, testing technically not feasible.	2.57 mg/l

#### 8.2 Exposure controls:

Concentrations of product vapours and mists in the working atmosphere must be kept as low as is reasonably practicable. Exposure should be minimised by the use of appropriate containment, engineering control and ventilation measures. Where this is not possible, personal protective equipment should be worn as indicated below where appropriate.

Appropriate engineering controls: Provide adequate ventilation, including

appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the defined occupational exposure limits are not

exceeded.

Provide eye wash station.

Personal protection equipment:

Eye and face protection: Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to

EN166.

**Skin protection - hand:** Protective gloves conforming to EN374-3.

Use chemical resistant gloves recommended by glove manufacturer as being suitable for **kerosenes** if hand exposure is unavoidable. Protective gloves made of nitrile, neoprene or PVC are suitable, although other types may be more suitable in other circumstances. For prolonged exposure, recommended gloves with protective index 6, > 480 minutes permeation time according to EN374.

permeation time according to EN374.
As the product is a preparation, consult the glove manufacturer for exact breakthrough time. Glove manufacturer's directions for use

should be observed.

**Skin protection – other:** Wear impervious clothing. The type of

protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of

dangerous substance at the specific

workplace.

**Respiratory protection:** In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable

respiratory equipment. Filter type A2. (EN

136, 140, 405, 149, 143)

For higher level protection use type ABEK-P3 (EU EN 143) respirator cartridges. Use respirators and components tested and

approved under CEN standards.

Thermal hazards: Not applicable.

**Environmental exposure controls:** Avoid any release to the environment.

#### SECTION 9 PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

Appearance: Dark red liquid.
Odour: Mild pine.

Odour threshold: No data available.

pH: Neutral

**Melting point/freezing point:** No data available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range: 230 °C.

Flash point (PMCC): 93 °C (minimum)

Evaporation rate (BuAC = 100): < 0.1.

Flammability (solid, gas) (Limits in No data available.

air):

**Upper/lower flammability or explosive** 1 - 6% (Vol%).

limits:

Vapour pressure: < 0.5 mm Hg @ 38 °C.

Vapour density (Air = 1): > 1

Relative density: 0.88 g/cm3 Solubility: Emulsifies.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: No data available.

**Auto-ignition temperature:** > 200 °C.

**Decomposition temperature:** No data available. Viscosity (ASTM D445): 8.0 mm<sup>2</sup>/s @ 38 °C. **Explosive properties:** No data available. Oxidising properties: No data available.

Note: properties relate to the bulk product only unless otherwise stated.

#### 9.2 Other information:

No other information.

#### **SECTION 10** STABILITY & REACTIVITY

Reactivity: 10.1 No data available.

Stable under normal conditions of use and 10.2 **Chemical stability** 

applications.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: No data available.

10.4 Conditions to avoid: Keep away from sources of ignition, hot

surfaces, direct sunlight and static

discharge.

10.5 Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents. Acids and alkalis.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition materials: None under normal conditions of storage

> and use. Smoke, soot and oxides of carbon and nitrogen on combustion.

#### **SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

11.1 Information on toxicological effects: based on data for component materials.

Acute toxicity - oral: Based on the available data the classification

criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal: Based on the available data the classification

criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation: Based on the available data the classification

criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation: Skin Irrit. 2, H315: Causes skin irritation.

EUH066: Repeated exposure may cause

skin cracking or dryness.

Serious eye damage/irritation: Eye Dam. 1, H318: Causes serious eye

damage.

Respiratory sensitisation: Based on tests of individual components,

this preparation is not sensitising.

Skin sensitisation: Based on tests of individual components,

this preparation is not sensitising. Based on individual components, this

Germ cell mutagenicity: preparation is not expected to show

mutagenic effects.

Carcinogencity: Based on individual components, this

preparation is not expected to show

carcinogenic effects.

Reproductive toxicity: Based on individual components, this

preparation is not expected to show

repoductive toxicity.

**STOT single exposure:**STOT repeated exposure:
Data lacking.
Data lacking.

Aspiration hazard: Asp. Tox. 1, H304: May be fatal if swallowed

and enters airways.

Information on likely Routes of Exposure and Potential Health Effects:

**Inhalation:** May be harmful if inhaled. Causes

respiratory tract irritation.

**Ingestion:** May be harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may

cause irritation of the mouth, throat and digestive tract. Small amounts of product aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or from vomiting may cause bronochopneumonia or pulmonary edema.

**Eye contact:** Risk of serious damage to eyes.

**Skin contact:** May be harmful if absorbed through skin.

Causes skin irritation. Repeated exposure

may cause skin cracking or dryness.

Toxicity Test Results: based on data for component materials, where available.

CHEMICAL NAME	ACUTE TOXICITY	TEST	RESULT
Hydrocarbons C12- C15 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	Acute Toxicity - oral	LD50 (rat)	> 5000 mg/kg - OECD 401
Hydrocarbons C12- C15 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	Acute Toxicity - dermal	LD50 (rabbit)	> 5000 mg/kg - OECD 402
Hydrocarbons C12- C15 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	Acute Toxicity - inhalation	LC50 (rat)	> 4951 mg/l (vapours, 4h) - OECD 403
alcohols C12-C15, branched and linear, ethoxylated, propoxylated.	Acute Toxicity - oral	LD50 (rat)	2000 - 5000 mg/kg
alcohols C12-C15, branched and linear, ethoxylated, propoxylated.	Acute Toxicity - dermal	_	Not determined
alcohols C12-C15, branched and linear, ethoxylated, propoxylated.	Acute Toxicity - inhalation	_	Not determined
Alcohols C11-C15 Secondary Ethoxylated	Acute Toxicity - oral	LD50 (rat)	3000 mg/kg
Alcohols C11-C15 Secondary Ethoxylated	Acute Toxicity - dermal	LD50 (rabbit)	2000 mg/kg
Alcohols C11-C15 Secondary Ethoxylated	Acute Toxicity - inhalation	-	-
Terpineol	Acute Toxicity - oral	LD50 (rat)	> 2000 mg/kg - OECD 401
Terpineol	Acute Toxicity - dermal	LD50 (rabbit)	> 2000 mg/kg - OECD 402
Terpineol	Acute Toxicity - inhalation	Rat, 4h	No mortality observed - OECD 403
Solvent Naphtha	Acute Toxicity - oral	LD50 (rat)	5ml/kg
Solvent Naphtha	Acute Toxicity - dermal	LD50 (rabbit)	> 2 ml/kg
Solvent Naphtha	Acute Toxicity - inhalation	LC50 (rat)	> 590 mg/m³ (4h)

Other Information:

Metabolic studies on some azo-dyes, following prolonged skin or oral cavity contact, have detected reduction of azo bonds to aromatic amines. This product, therefore, could potentially metabolize to otoluidine and o-aminoazotoluene, which have been identified as animal carcinogens, upon prolonged skin or oral cavity contact.

**SECTION 12** 

### **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# Based on data for component materials 12.1 Toxicity:

Chemical Name	Ecotoxicity	Species	Test	Time	Result
Hydrocarbons C12- C15 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	Fish	Onchorhynchus mykiss	LC0	96h	1000 mg/l
alcohols C12-C15, branched and linear, ethoxylated, propoxylated.	Fish	Leuciscus idus	LC50	96h	1 - 10 mg/l
alcohols C12-C15, branched and linear, ethoxylated, propoxylated.	Microorganisms	Activated Sludge	EC10	-	> 1000 mg/l (DEV-L2)
Alcohols C11-C15 Secondary Ethoxylated	Fish	Pimephales promelas	LC50	96h	3.5 - 4.9 mg/l
Alcohols C11-C15 Secondary Ethoxylated	Aquatic Invertebrates	Daphnia magna	EC50	48h	3.1 mg/l
Terpineol	Fish	Danio rerio	LC50	96h	62 - 80 mg/l - OECD 203
Terpineol	Fish	Danio rerio	NOEC	96h	62 mg/l - OECD 203
Terpineol	Aquatic Invertebrates	Daphnia magna	NOEC	48h	40 mg/l - OECD 202
Terpineol	Aquatic Invertebrates	Daphnia magna	EC50	48h	73 mg/l - OECD 202
Terpineol	Aquatic Invertebrates	Daphnia magna	LC50	48h	73 mg/l - OECD 202
Terpineol	Aquatic Plants	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	EC50	72h	17 mg/l - OECD 201
Terpineol	Aquatic Plants	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	NOEC	72h	3.9 mg/l - OECD 201
Solvent Naphtha	Fish	Onchorhynchus mykiss	LL50	96h	2 - 5 mg/l
Solvent Naphtha	Aquatic Invertebrates	Daphnia Magna	EL50	48h	3 - 10 mg/l
Solvent Naphtha	Aquatic Plants	Raphidocelis subcapitata	EL50	72h	1 - 3 mg/l
Solvent Naphtha	Microorganisms	Tetrahymena pyiformis	LL50	72h	677.9 mg/l

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Alcohols C12- C15, branched & linear, ethoxylated, propoxylated: partially biodegradable.

The remaining substances in this mixture are readily biodegradable.

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:** Hydrocarbons C12 - C15 n-alkanes,

isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics: no data

available.

The remaining substances in this mixture are not expected to be bioaccumulative. Alcohols C11 - C15 secondary ethoxylated:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

(log Kow):

log Pow = 3.3 - 4.4

Terpineol:  $log Kow = 2.78 (20^{\circ}C)$ 

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** Alcohols C11 - C15 secondary ethoxylated

BCF = 15 - 64

Terpineol: BCF = 36.5

**12.4 Mobility in soil:** Adsorption to the solid phase is possible.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: This mixture does not contain any

substances that are assessed to be a PBT

or vPvB.

**12.6** Other adverse effects: No data available.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements. Seek the advice of an approved waste disposal contractor for disposal at a licensed facility in accordance with national legislation.

**Product/packing disposal:** Empty containers may contain residue

and can be dangerous. Do NOT remove

labels.

Waste codes/waste designations

according to LoW:

Hazardous waste. Waste code not

assigned.

NOTE: Waste codes are assigned based upon the most common uses for this material and may not reflect contaminants resulting from actual use. Waste producers need to assess the actual process used when generating the waste and its contaminants in order to assign the proper waste code(s).

Waste treatment – relevant Dispose of waste and residues in

information: accordance with local authority

requirements. Seek the advice of an approved waste disposal contractor for

disposal at a licensed facility in accordance with national legislation.

Do not empty down the drain.

Sewage disposal – relevant

information:

Other disposal recommendations:

Use a licensed waste contractor.

SECTIO	SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION						
14.1	UN number:	ADR/RID: IMDG: IATA:	- - -				
14.2	UN proper shipping name:	ADR/RID: IMDG: IATA:	Not dangerous goods. Not dangerous goods. Not dangerous goods.				
14.3	Transport hazard class(es):	ADR/RID: IMDG: IATA:	- - -				
14.4	Packing group:	ADR/RID: IMDG: IATA:	- -				
14.5	Environmental hazards:	ADR/RID: IMDG: IATA:	- - -				
116	Special procesutions for user:						

14.6 Special precautions for user:

Not applicable.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol 73/78 and the IBC code:

Not applicable.

#### SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

#### **EU Regulations:**

This data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures.

Safety data sheet as required by EC-Regulations 1907/2006 and REACH Annex II Amendment (EU) No. 2015/830.

Regulation (EC) No 648/2004 on detergents.

Information according to 2013/10/EU and 2008/47/EC amendment of the aerosol directive 75/324/EEC.

Not applicable - this product is not an aerosol.

National regulations (Germany):

Wassergefahrdungklasse (water

WGK1 - Low hazard to waters.

hazard class):

**TechnischeAnleitungLuft (TA-Luft):** Class 5.2.5 Organic Substances, except

dusts.

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

#### (i) Indication of changes:

Version 17.3 updated in Section 1.3.

Vertical lines on the left hand side indicate an amendment from the previous version.

#### (ii) Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous

Goods by Road (Accord européen relatif au transport international des

marchandises Dangereuses par Route)

CAS No. Chemical Abstracts Service number
CEN European Committee for Standardisation

CLP Classification, Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

ECHA European Chemicals Agency

EC50 Half Maximal Effective Concentration

EC number EINECS and ELINCS number

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances

ELINCS European List of notified Chemical Substances

GHS Globally Harmonized System

IATA International Air Transport Association
IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC50 Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population

LD50 Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population

MPI Magnetic Particle Inspection
NDT Non-Destructive Testing
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic Substance

PMCC Pensky-Martens closed cup method PPE Personal Protection Equipment

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation

EC (No) 1907/2006

RID Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

(Reglement International concernant le transport des marchandises

Dangereuses par chemin de fer)

SDS Safety Data Sheet

STOT RE Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeat Exposure STOT SE Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure

TA-Luft Technical Instructions on Air Quality Control (Technische Anleitung zur

Reinhaltung der Luft)

vPvB Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

WEL Workplace Exposure Limit

WGK German Water Hazard Class (Wassergefährdungsklasse)

#### (iii) Key literature and sources of data:

- Supplier's safety data sheets for components listed in Section 3.
- European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/
- GESTIS International Limit Values Database, http://limitvalue.ifa.dguv.de/Webform\_gw.aspx
- Occupational Exposure Limits EH40/2005.
- Commission regulation (EU) 2015/830.
- Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002.
- Hazardous waste regulations 2005.
- Health & Safety at Work Act 1974.
- Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH).
- Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP).

# (iv) Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification according to Regulation (EC) number 1272/2008 [CLP]	Classification Procedure
Aquatic Chronic 3	Calculation
Asp. Tox. 1	Calculation
Eye Dam. 1	Calculation
Skin Irrit. 2	Calculation
EUH066	Expert Judgement

### (v) Hazard statements (number and full text):

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Hazard class and categorty code (full text):

Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment

Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration Hazard

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation

#### Relevant precautionary statements (number and full text):

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing.

P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P301+P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P331: Do NOT induce vomiting.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water.

P332+P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P405: Store locked up.

#### (vi) Training advice:

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene. Chemical hazard risk assessment. Provide adequate information, instruction and training to operators.

#### **DISCLAIMER**

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be up-to-date and correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, express or implied, is made with respect to the information and recommendations contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects that may be caused by (incorrect) use, handling, purchase, resale, or exposure to our product. Customers and users of our product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders. In particular, they are under an obligation to carry out a risk assessment for the particular work places and to take adequate risk management measures in accordance with the national implementation legislation of EU Directives 89/391/EEC and 98/24/EC amended by Directive 2014/27/EU.

Revision summary:

Revision Comments
SDS is valid from the Revision Date. If you require a SDS for the product manufactured before the revision date please contact us at support.eu@magnaflux.com.

Revision Date Version 17.3